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## PART I

## IMPORTANT GOVERNMENT ORDERS

### REVENUE SECRETARIAT

**Sanctions a scheme for reorganisation of the work relating to the Rural Development Work.**

READ—

Government Order No. L. 1564—V.P. 23-42-7, dated the 20th October 1942, sanctioning a scheme for Rural Reconstruction Drive in Hoblis.

2. The undermentioned Government Orders directing the constitution of Taluk, District and Central Advisory Committees for Rural Development :—

(a) No. L. 119—V.P. 46-42-30, dated the 9th June 1943.
(b) No. L. 11977-97—V.P. 23-42-60, dated 9th June 1943.
(c) L. 6100-34—V.P. 33-44-3, dated 20th December 1944.

3. The undermentioned Government Orders relating to Village Improvements, Drinking Water Wells and Inter-Village Communications, etc., and defining the powers of the various Revenue Officers in respect of those works :—

(1) Government Order No. L. 446—L.B. 26-26-27, dated the 6th January 1927, regarding Village Improvement Works.
(2) Government Order No. L. 9479-99—V.P. 63-36-27, dated the 23rd May 1938, regarding Drinking Water Wells.
(3) Government Order No. L. 12524-55—V.P. 62-43-43, dated the 19th June 1944, regarding Inter-Village Communication Roads.
(4) Government Letter No. L.B. 8598, dated 22nd June 1948, directing the termination of the services of Gramasudharakas of first and second batches with effect from 1st July 1948.
(5) Government Order No. 9661-703—C.B. 335-47-2, dated 21st June 1948, transferring the work of amelioration of the condition of the Depressed Classes to the Revenue Commissioner from the Commissioner for Depressed Classes.

ORDER NO. L.B. 3510-45—V.P. 45-48-1, DATED BANGALORE, THE 29TH OCTOBER 1948.

The work of intensive Rural Development was first launched in 1936, in a few villages in each District with a view to improving a material development of such selected villages so that they might serve as models to other villages round about; and indirectly stimulate their progress. But experience has shown that the villages in general have remained uninfluenced by the improvement affected in the selected villages. Further, there were frequent representations in the Houses of Legislature that similar intensive work should be undertaken in a larger number

of villages in each District with adequate Government grants. Accordingly, a five-year plan for Rural Reconstruction Drive was sanctioned during 1942, in pursuance of which intensive work was undertaken at first in one set of hoblis in each Taluk throughout the State, with the aid of non-official workers called "Gramasudharakas." It was expected that intensive Rural Development Work would be in operation in all the villages throughout the State at the end of five years. The Gramasudharakas were trained and posted for work to the first set of hoblis in 1943, and to the second set of hoblis in 1945, and the Rural Development Work has been in progress in these two sets of hoblis so far. This scheme for various reasons did not secure such results as were expected. Representations were made again in the Houses of Legislature to discontinue the system of getting Rural Development Work done through the agency of the Gramasudharakas and to constitute Taluk, District and Central Development Committees with wider powers instead of their being only advisory bodies, with a view to Rural Development Work being carried out more expeditiously and efficiently. Proposals were also under consideration to transfer the work relating to the amelioration of the condition of the Depressed Classes to the control of the Officer in charge of the Rural Development Work. The services of the Gamasudharakas were terminated with effect from 1st July 1948, as their work in general proved unsatisfactory.

2. The questions as to how best the material development of the villages in the State could be achieved expeditiously, in what beneficial manner the agency to be employed for this purpose has to work, how the funds intended therefor have to be utilised to the best advantage and in what manner the co-ordination of the various Development Departments could be utilised in achieving this end, and various other similar matters have been engaging the anxious consideration of Government for some time past. After careful consideration of all these questions from all aspects and in consultation with the concerned Heads of Departments and the Deputy Commissioners of Districts, Government have evolved a scheme for the reorganisation of the work relating to Rural Development.

3. The scheme envisages:—

(1) The establishment of Taluk, District and Central Development Committees with Non-official gentlemen as Chairmen, having certain powers in regard to sanctioning of works, estimates, etc., relating to Rural Improvement hitherto exercised by Revenue Officers.

(2) Appointment of Revenue Inspectors with reduced jurisdiction to attend to Revenue as well as Rural Development Work in an area comprising 25 to 30 villages so that intensive work could be carried on with greater promptitude and efficiency.

(3) Appointment of Special Revenue Inspectors in each Taluk to assist the Amildar and to look after mainly acquisitions and other works relating to Depressed Class uplift.

(4) Transfer of the administration of the work relating to the amelioration of the condition of the Depressed Classes from the Revenue Commissioner to the Commissioner for Rural Development (who will in future have the status of a Head of a Department).

(5) Appointment of two Regional Officers for co-ordination and supervision of the work relating to the uplift of the Depressed Classes.

(6) Constitution of a Fund called "Rural Development Fund" with detailed heads for—

(*a*) Improvement works,
(*b*) Drinking Water Wells and
(*c*) Inter-Village Communication Roads with the object of funding unutilised grants at the close of the year for being expended during succeeding years.

4. The scheme with the necessary details as sanctioned by Government is appended to this order. (Appendix 'A')

5. The extra expenditure on this account is estimated roughly at Rs. 3·95 lakhs per annum as indicated in Appendix "B" and it will be met out of the Rural Development Drive Grants for the current year by suitable appropriation out of the lumpsum grants allotted for the Development schemes during the year 1948-49 in the State Budget. Due provision will be made therefor in the Budget for 1949-50 onwards.

6. The Revenue Commissioner in Mysore, is requested to intimate in consultation with the Deputy Commissioners of Districts, the number of Revenue Inspectors that have to be appointed in each hobli in addition to the existing number in each district, if the jurisdiction of each Revenue Inspector is restricted to an area comprising 25 to 30 villages.

7. The Comptroller to Government is requested to issue necessary instructions in consultation with the Commissioner of Rural Development and Revenue Commissioner for the proper maintenance of registers and accounts in the Revenue Offices and their submission to the Audit Office.

8. The Commissioner for Rural Development is requested to obtain and forward quarterly progress reports to Government and prescribe such other periodical returns as might be deemed necessary.

9. The Superintendent, Government Printing, is authorised to print and supply the required forms and registers for the Office of the Commissioner for Rural Development and the Revenue Offices.

10. The Heads of Development Departments are requested to extend their co-operation in giving effect to and implementing the revised scheme.

11. Separate orders will be issued constituting the several committees under the scheme.

SYED ABDUL ALEEM,
*Secretary to Government,*
*Revenue Department.*

## APPENDIX "A"

### Scheme for Reorganisation of Rural Development Work.

The existing Taluk, District and Central Advisory Committees are reconstituted as Taluk, District and Central Development Committees, respectively, for a period of two years on the lines indicated below :—

### TALUK DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE.

#### I. ORGANISATION.

The Taluk Development Committee will consist of ten members of whom not less than one will be drawn from each hobli with two Depressed Class members presided over by a non-official Chairman all of whom will be nominated by Government. All Representative Assembly Members representing various interests and residing in the Taluk will be *ex-officio* members of the Committee.

The Amildar of the Taluk will be the Chief Executive Officer of the Committee and also its *Ex-officio* Secretary. A Special Revenue Inspector solely meant for work connected with the uplift of the Depressed Classes will be the Assistant Secretary working under the Amildar.

Officers of the Development Departments having jurisdiction in the Taluk shall attend the meetings of the Committee and carry out its decisions in so far as the same relate to their departments and subject to the disciplinary control of the heads of their Departments.

The Heads of Development Departments will issue suitable instructions to their subordinate officers working in the Taluk with such delegation of powers to them as may be necessary to implement the decisions of the Taluk Development Committees without undue delay. The Amildar as the Chief Executive Officer will co-ordinate the efforts of the Officers of the Development Departments having jurisdiction in the Taluk.

He will call for a meeting of the Taluk Development Committee every month on a definite date, issue notices of the meetings to the members in consultation with the Chairman of the Committee and shall be responsible for keeping the record of the proceedings of each meeting, carry on correspondence connected with the work of the Committee and for the maintenance of registers and accounts, and submission of returns and statements prescribed in this behalf. He will have disciplinary control over the rural development staff working in the Taluk. The Amildar will send minutes of the proceedings to the District Development Officer soon after each meeting.

The existing establishment for Village Panchayet and Rural Development work in the Taluk will continue to work under the Amildar. A peon may be made available for this branch of work.

The Chairman and members of the Committee will be paid a consolidated sitting fee of Rs. 6 and Rs. 3, respectively, for every sitting they attend. The Taluk Development Committee will have its office in the Taluk Office and will meet at least once a month.

The Committee will be competent to sanction all items of work up to a limit of Rs. 1,000 in each case.

#### II. FUNCTIONS.

Subject to the availability of funds and to the rules framed in this behalf, it will be the duty of the Committee to attend to the following matters :—

*(a) Executive.*

1. To sanction and carry out all works of improvements to be financed from grants now shown under Assignments to Village Panchayets, Rural Water Supply, Inter-Village Communications, amelioration of the condition of the Depressed Classes as well as to make due provision for their upkeep and maintenance subject however to the general approval of the programme of work for the year by the District Development Committee.

2. With the concurrence of the Village Panchayets concerned and with such contributions as may be forthcoming may undertake all improvement works under Sections 20 and 21 of the Village Panchayet Act.

3. To organise and carry on Rural Publicity and Propaganda.

4. To take steps for the planting of fruit-bearing and fuel trees and to arrange for their proper maintenance.

5. May organise agricultural demonstration farms, model manure pits, with a view to increasing agricultural output.

6. May organise, establish and maintain Literacy and Adult Education Classes.

7. May organise Rural Libraries and distribute pamphlets and books for propagation of knowledge.

8. May take steps to revive folkarts, dances and other forms of sports for cultural development of rural folk.

9. May organise, classes or refresher courses for the training of rural leadership, Village Panchayet Chairmen and other rural workers.

10. May extent all help and encouragement in the formation of Village Guards, Seva Dals, Talimkhanas and other sports for the promotion of health, safety and convenience of the village folk.

11. May take steps to distribute breeding bulls, cows and sheep to improve cattle wealth.

12. May organise or manage or assist the formation or running of co-operative societies and cottage industries.

13. May organise conferences, agricultural and industrial exhibitions and cattle fairs in consultation with other Local Bodies.

14. May take steps for the promotion of health measures in the rural areas.

15. With the previous approval of Government and subject to such limitations and conditions as may be imposed, may take up the management and control of gomal lands and village forests.

16. With the previous approval of Government, may take up the management of minor muzrai institutions.

17. With the previous approval of Government, may organise and run Sales Depots and Emporiums for the sale of seeds, manure, agricultural implements and other commodities.

*(b) Advisory.*

1. May recommend to Government or to suitable authorities the establishment and maintenance of Primary and Middle Schools.

2. May recommend the grant of subsidies for wells, takavi loans, Land Improvement Loans.

3. May recommend the formation of interior village roads connecting villages in more than one Taluk.

4. May take up the execution of any development work with the previous approval of Government.

## DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE.

### I. ORGANISATION.

The District Development Committee will consist of all the Chairmen of the Taluk Development Committees, five Depressed Class Representatives and five other members with a non-official Chairman, all of whom will be nominated by Government.

The District Development Officer will be the Secretary of this Committee with the Special Officer for the Depressed Classes as his assistant. The District Officers of Development Departments having jurisdiction in the district shall attend the meetings of the Committee and carry out its decisions in so far as they relate to their departments, subject however, to the disciplinary control of their departmental heads. The Heads of Departments will make suitable delegation of powers to the district officers to enable them to give effect to the decisions of the District Development Committee without undue delay.

The Revenue Sub-Division Officers shall be responsible for the due execution of all Rural Development and Depressed Class uplift works within their respective jurisdictions. They shall inspect the works executed under the supervision of the Amildars and will conduct periodical audit of the accounts of the Taluk Development Committees reporting if necessary any irregularities to the District Development Committees through the Deputy Commissioner. The Deputy Commissioner will be the chief co-ordinating authority in the district. He will have full disciplinary control over the Rural Development Officer and the development staff working in the district. He may attend the meetings of the District Development Committee either on his own initiative or at the request of the Chairman. He will be responsible for the supervision of the progress of works undertaken by the development staff in the district, for the audit of accounts and for due scrutiny of expenditure incurred out of Rural Development Fund. The present establishment of the Village Panchayet and rural development works in the District Office will continue and constitute the establishment of the District Development Committee. The clerk given to the Revenue Sub-Division Officer for rural development work will continue to work under him.

The Chairman of the Committee will be paid an honorarium of Rs. 100 per mensem and the members will be paid T.A. and D.A. admissible to the members of the District Board for every sitting of the meeting attended by them. The Committee will hold its office in the District Office and meet once a quarter at least. The Rural Development Officer who is the Secretary of the Committee will call for meetings of this Committee in consultation with the Chairman and give notice of the meeting to the members of the Committee. He will maintain the minutes of the proceedings in the manner prescribed and will send copies of the proceedings to the Central Development Committee through the Deputy Commissioner. He will be responsible for the maintenance of records and accounts.

### II. FUNCTIONS.

Subject to financial resources sanctioned by Government and the rules to be framed in this behalf, the District Development Committee will be competent to perform the following functions :—

*(a) Executive.*

1. To approve the programme of the development works formulated by Taluk Development Committees.

2. To sanction all development works estimated to cost from Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 5,000 under each item in the district and to supervise their due execution.

3. With the concurrence of Taluk Development Committees, if necessary, to undertake improvement works common to more than one taluk.

4. To formulate the annual programme of Rural Development and Depressed Class uplift work in the district for the approval of the Central Committee.

5. To approve the Budgets of the Taluk Development Committees and to frame the Budget for the District Development Committee for sanction of Government.

6. To exercise general control and supervision over the working of the Taluk Development Committees in the District and to review the progress of improvement works carried out by them from time to time.

7. To co-ordinate the works of several Taluk Development Committees.

8. To organise conferences, training centres, agricultural and industrial exhibitions for the benefit of the rural area.

(*b*) *Advisory.*

1. To undertake sustained rural propaganda and publicity with a view to raising the standard of general knowledge of the villagers and to promote safety, convenience and self-sufficiency in the villages.

2. To establish and supervise adult education classes, rural libraries and printing and distribution of pamphlets.

3. To undertake such other works as may be entrusted to it by Government.

## CENTRAL DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE.

### I. ORGANISATION.

The Committee will consist of the Chairmen of District Development Committees, Heads of all Development Departments, five Depressed Class representatives and five other members to be nominated by Government under the Chairmanship of the Honourable Minister for Rural Development. This Committee will have power to co-opt any person official or non-official.

The Commissionerfor Rural Development will be the *Ex officio* Secretary of this Committee. The Committee will meet once a quarter at least in the Chambers of the Honourable Minister for Rural Development. Copies of the proceedings of each meeting will be forwarded to Government and issued in the form of official bulletins for the information of all concerned. The members of the Committee will be entitled to draw T.A. and D.A. at the rates admissible to the members of the present Advisory Committee. A joint Conference of this Committee with the Central Depressed Class Policy Committee may be held once in six months if need be under the joint chairmanship of the Honourable Minister in charge of Development Work and Depressed Class Uplift Work to evolve common policies.

The Central Development Committee may set up Standing and other Committees for specific purposes and to deal with particular items of works whose reports will be considered at a meeting of the full Committee.

The Heads of Development Departments will be responsible for the proper co-ordination and due execution of the programme of works approved by the Committee. The Commissioner for Rural Development will be of the status of a Head of a Department and will have full executive powers (i) to issue directions to Deputy Commissioners and Rural Development Officers with regard to the execution of Rural Improvement Works, (ii) to inspect improvement works, (iii) to call for records and accounts and other information necessary, (iv) to correspond directly with Government through the Revenue Secretary in all rural development matters. He will have disciplinary control over the staff of the Rural Development and all the powers now exercised by heads of other departments under Appendix "O" of the Mysore Civil Account Code.

One of the Regional Officers for Depressed Class Work in charge of Mandya, Bangalore, Tumkur and Kolar Districts will be his Assistant.

### II. FUNCTIONS.

The Central Development Committee in co-ordination with the Depressed Class Policy Committee will deal with all matters relating to Rural Development, including the work relating to the uplift of Depressed Classes, at the State level and see to their execution; will exercise general supervision and control over the work of the District and Taluk Development Committees.

Its main functions will be :—

(*a*) *Executive.*

1. To sanction all expenditure out of Rural Development Fund in excess of Rs. 5,000 up to Rs. 15,000 in each case subject to provision in the Budget.

2. To frame rules for the guidance of the District and Taluk Development Committees.

3. To review and co-ordinate the work of the District Development Committees and to correlate the same with the activities of Development Departments under the post-war reconstruction plan.

4. To frame the annual budget of the Rural Development Fund for the approval of Government and the Legislature.

5. To make suitable arrangements for the maintenance of accounts for all expenditure incurred out of the fund and for the audit of the same.

6. To arrange to hold Rural Development Conferences.

7. To organise a scheme of Rural Publicity and Propaganda and to start a Central Rural Library in the State.

8. To take up the work now done by the State Adult Education Council.

9. To set up a Central Rural Statistical Section for collecting data on all questions relating to rural areas, and for the compilation and publication of the same in a suitable form.

10. To directly control and supervise the working of the existing Rural Welfare Centres and those to be started.

11. To initiate special schemes of rural development like rural housing, communications, etc., of Statewide interest.

12. To regulate the recruitment, training and scales of pay of the establishment of the Rural Development Department.

(*b*) *Advisory.*

To advise Government on all matters of policy and principle relating to Rural Development including fresh legislation or amendment of the existing legislation.

CENTRAL DEPRESSED CLASS POLICY COMMITTEE.

A Central Policy Committee for work connected with the amelioration of the condition of the Depressed Classes will be constituted under the Chairmanship of the Honourable Minister for Harijan Uplift with one representative drawn from each District from among the Depressed Class members of the District Committee, one lady member of the Depressed Class, Revenue Commissioner, Heads of Development Departments, the Commissioner for Rural Development being the Secretary of the Committee. This Committee will meet once a quarter to formulate the policies for the uplift of the Depressed Classes which will be adopted by the Central Development Committee. There will be two Regional Officers for the supervision of work relating to the uplift of the Depressed Classes for each of the two regions—one in charge of Mandya, Bangalore, Tumkur and Kolar and the other in charge of the remaining Districts. The Commissioner for Rural Development will also be the *Ex-officio* Commissioner for Depressed Class Work and will frame suitable instructions for the guidance of the Regional and Special Officers working under his control. The Regional Officers will supervise the work of uplift of the Depressed Classes in their respective jurisdictions.

**Finance.**

I RURAL DEVELOPMENT FUND.

A separate Budget Head " Rural Development Fund " may be created on the receipt as well as expenditure side, with suitable minor heads to cover specific items such as Assignments to Village Panchayets, Rural Water Supply, Inter-village Communications, amelioration of the condition of the Depressed Classes, contributions from Local Bodies and private citizens with detailed heads for salaries of establishment, Travelling Allowance to members, Contingent expenditure, etc. All grants now sanctioned under Assignments to Village Panchayets, Rural Water Supply, Inter-village Communication Scheme and Depressed Class Uplift may hereafter be pooled to form the Rural Development Fund. The grants to this fund will not lapse. The form of registers and accounts to be kept by the Taluk, District and Central Development Committees under this head will be prescribed by the Comptroller, to whom monthly statements of all expenditure incurred out of the fund will be sent for post-audit. These accounts will also be subject to local audit by the staff of the Comptroller's Office. The Secretaries of the Taluk, District and Central Development Committees will be empowered to operate on the fund to the extent of the allotments and financial limit of powers of sanction of the respective Committees subject, however, to the rules in the Account Code for the preparation of estimates and sanction of the same and to all the safeguards and checks laid down for the proper regulation of such expenditure. The forms to be used for the passing and payment of amounts out of the Rural Development Fund will be the same as those prescribed for similar works in Public Works Department. A statement of financial results of the working of the scheme for the year will be prepared by the Commissioner for Rural Development and laid before the Central Committee after the close of the year.

BUDGET.

Well in advance of the commencement of the official year, Taluk Development Committees will prepare a statement of receipts and expenditure under the allotments made to them and send the same to the District Development Committees with an indication of the probable amounts to remain unspent at the end of the year and the grant required for the coming year, the same being supported by a list of works proposed to be taken up with the estimated cost of each. District Development Committees will after due scrutiny and examination of the above lists frame a Budget Estimate for the District under each specific category of improvement and minor head of account with an indication of the grant required in the next year, after taking into account the unspent balances at the end of the year, contributions expected to be received from local bodies and such donations as may be forthcoming. The Budget prepared as above will be submitted to the Central Development Committee and to Government for sanction. The Central Development Committee will consolidate the Budgets of the Direct Development Committees into a single Budget of Rural Development for the State as a whole. The grants sanctioned by Government will be suitably allotted to the Districts and in turn the District Development Committees will allot to Taluk Development Committees keeping such reserves as may be needed to meet unforeseen items and for balancing the expenditure over the District as a whole. A part of the total grant which will be at the disposal of the Central Development Committee will be separately shown in the Budget from which expenditure within the powers of its sanction may be met. The grants so made to the Central and District Committees will be non-lapsable. The contributions and donations raised from local bodies and from other sources should be duly credited into and accounted for regularly under the transactions of the Rural Development Fund.

GENERAL

The association of officers of Government in the work of Rural Development will be without prejudice to the statutory duties and functions which they have to perform under the several Acts and Rules in force.

The Government will decide all questions that may be referred to it from time to time by the Central Development Committee. It may call for records from any of the Committees and see whether orders of Government have been duly complied with.

## APPENDIX "B."

Approximate estimate of expenditure incidental to the present scheme relating to the Reorganisation of Rural Development Work.

| | | Rs. | Rs. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1. | Cost on account of employment of 256 Revenue Inspectors in place of 256 Gramasudharakas at Rs. 50, Rs. 10 C.A. and Rs. 15 D.A. per mensem. Rs. 75×12×256 ... ... | 2,30,400 | |
| | Deduct the present cost on the Gramasudharakas at Rs. 30+5+5 per mensem. Rs. 256×40×12 ... ... | 1,22,880 | |
| | Balance ... | 1,07,520 | 1,07,520 |
| 2. | One peon to each Revenue Inspector at an average cost of Rs. 30 per mensem (including D.A.). Rs. 30×12×256 ... ... | ... | 92,160 |
| 3. | One peon at an average cost of Rs. 30 per mensem including D.A. to Chairman of each Taluk Committee. Rs. 30×81×12 ... | ... | 29,160 |
| 4. | Sitting charges to Taluk Committee Chairman at Rs 6; members at Rs. 3 (9 members). Rs. 33 per sitting×12 sittings 81 Taluks .... | ... | 32,076 |
| 5. | Honorarium to the Chairman of the District Committee at Rs. 100 per mensem. Rs. 100×10×12 ... ... | ... | 12,000 |
| 6. | Pay of one peon to each Chairman of the District Committee at an average cost of Rs. 30 per mensem (including D. A.) Rs. 30×12×10 | ... | 3,600 |
| 7. | Travelling Allowance, etc., to the members of the District Committees at an average cost of Rs. 20 per sitting for 20 members. Rs. 20×20×10×4 (Sittings) ... ... | 16,000 | |
| | Deduct normal expenditure now incurred ... ... | 5,400 | |
| | Net ... | 10,600 | 10,600 |
| 8. | Special Revenue Inspectors for Depressed Class Work at Rs. 50+10+15 per mensem for 81 taluks. Rs. 75×81×12 ... ... | ... | 72,900 |
| 9. | One peon to each Special Revenue Inspector on an average cost of Rs. 30 per mensem. Rs. 30×12×81 ... ... | ... | 29,160 |
| 10. | One Regional Officer of the status of an Assistant Commissioner on about Rs. 300+40 D.A. for 12 months ... ... | ... | 4,080 |
| 11. | Two peons to the above officer at an average cost of Rs. 30 per mensem Rs. 30×2×12 ... ... | ... | 720 |
| 12. | Contingencies to the above officer ... ... | ... | 120 |
| | Total Expenditure ... | ... | 3,94,096 |
| | | | Or 3,95,000 |

### FINANCIAL SECRETARIAT

**Empowering the Heads of Departments to make in-charge arrangements in vacancies other than leave vacancies and to sanction the charge allowance thereunder.**

READ—

Government Order No. Fl. 5920-5970—G.F. 184-46-2, dated 7th February 1947, authorising the Heads of Departments specified in Appendix 'O' of the Mysore Service Regulations to make in-charge arrangements in leave vacancies of not more than 2 months' duration and to sanction the charge allowance admissible under the rules in such cases.

2. Government Order No. Fl. 7777-7847—S. & A. 160-46-2, dated 5th May 1947, sanctioning the grant of charge allowance to an officer who is placed in-charge of the duties of an additional office, the pay of which is not more than that of his own office.

3. Letter No. 869—Es., dated 13th September 1948, from the Comptroller to Government soliciting instructions as to whether the Heads of Departments are competent to sanction charge allowance contemplated in the Government Order, dated 5th May 1947 (read above), to Gazetted Officers in cases other than the in-charge arrangements made in leave vacancies of Gazetted Officers.

ORDER NO. FL. 3865-3934—S. & A. 46-48-2, DATED CAMP MYSORE, THE 25TH OCTOBER 1948.

Government are pleased to direct that the Heads of Departments, specified in Appendix 'O' of the Mysore Service Regulations be authorised to (1) make in-charge arrangements in vacancies other than leave vacancies provided the period of each such vacancy exceeds ten days but not more than two months, and (2) sanction the charge allowance admissible under the rules. Sanction of Government is however, necessary in cases of grant of more than one charge allowance or duty allowance as a result of placing an officer to be in charge of the duties of more than one appointment, in addition to his own.

M. SHAMANNA,
*Secretary to Government,*
*Financial Department.*

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